	∐niform Mitigg:	tion Verification In	spection Form	
		any documentation pro		ce policy
Inspection Date: 8-9-2023	17	1		
Owner Information				
Owner Name: Park Lake at P	arsons		Contact Person:	
Address: 603 Parsons Lake			Home Phone:	
City: Brandon	Zip: 33511	1	Work Phone:	
County: Hillsborough			Cell Phone:	
Insurance Company:	<u>.</u>		Policy #:	
Year of Home: 1988	# of Stories:	2	Email:	
a date after 3/1/2002: Build B. For the HVHZ Only: Bu	oward counties), South I have FBC: Year Built _ding Permit Application with in compliance with the on with a date after 9/1/1 neet the requirements of a covering types in use. I	Florida Building Code (SFB For homes built Date (MM/DD/YYYY)/ the SFBC-94: Year Built 994: Building Permit Applic Answer "A" or "B" Provide the permit application	t in 2002/2003 provide a per / For homes built in 1 cation Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	ermit application with 1994, 1995, and 1996 // duct Approval number ance for each roof
2.1 Roof Covering Type:	Permit Application Date	FBC or MDC Product Approval #	Year of Original Installation or Replacement	No Information Provided for Compliance
1. Asphalt/Fiberglass Shingle	02 / 28/ 17	ASTM D 3462	2017	
2. Concrete/Clay Tile				
☐ 3. Metal				
4. Built Up				
5. Membrane				

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6. Other_

- A. All roof coverings listed above meet the FBC with a FBC or Miami-Dade Product Approval listing current at time of installation OR have a roofing permit application date on or after 3/1/02 OR the roof is original and built in 2004 or later.
- B. All roof coverings have a Miami-Dade Product Approval listing current at time of installation OR (for the HVHZ only) a roofing permit application after 9/1/1994 and before 3/1/2002 OR the roof is original and built in 1997 or later.
- C. One or more roof coverings do not meet the requirements of Answer "A" or "B".
- D. No roof coverings meet the requirements of Answer "A" or "B".
- 3. **Roof Deck Attachment**: What is the **weakest** form of roof deck attachment?
 - A. Plywood/Oriented strand board (OSB) roof sheathing attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24" inches o.c.) by staples or 6d nails spaced at 6" along the edge and 12" in the field. -OR- Batten decking supporting wood shakes or wood shingles. -OR- Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that has an equivalent mean uplift less than that required for Options B or C below.
 - B. Plywood/OSB roof sheathing with a minimum thickness of 7/16"inch attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24"inches o.c.) by 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 12" inches in the field.-OR- Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalent or greater resistance than 8d nails spaced a maximum of 12 inches in the field or has a mean uplift resistance of at least 103 psf.
 - C. Plywood/OSB roof sheathing with a minimum thickness of 7/16" inch attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24" inches o.c.) by 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 6" inches in the field. -OR- Dimensional lumber/Tongue & Groove decking with a minimum of 2 nails per board (or 1 nail per board if each board is equal to or less than 6 inches in width). -OR-Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalent

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	or greater resista 182 psf.	ance than 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 6 inches in the field or has a mean uplift resistance of at least
	•	Concrete Roof Deck.
	E. Other:	Solicited Roof Beek.
	F. Unknown or	unidentified
	G. No attic acce	
4.	5 feet of the inside or	nment: What is the <u>WEAKEST</u> roof to wall connection? (Do not include attachment of hip/valley jacks within routside corner of the roof in determination of WEAKEST type)
	A. Toe Nails	
		russ/rafter anchored to top plate of wall using nails driven at an angle through the truss/rafter and attached to e top plate of the wall, or
	M	letal connectors that do not meet the minimal conditions or requirements of B, C, or D
	Minimal conditions	to qualify for categories B, C, or D. All visible metal connectors are:
	✓ Se	ecured to truss/rafter with a minimum of three (3) nails, and
	th	ttached to the wall top plate of the wall framing, or embedded in the bond beam, with less than a ½" gap from e blocking or truss/rafter and blocked no more than 1.5" of the truss/rafter, and free of visible severe prrosion.
	✓ B. Clips	
		letal connectors that do not wrap over the top of the truss/rafter, or
		letal connectors with a minimum of 1 strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and does not meet the nail osition requirements of C or D, but is secured with a minimum of 3 nails.
	C. Single Wraps	
		letal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a inimum of 2 nails on the front side and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side.
	D. Double Wra	ps
	be	letal Connectors consisting of 2 separate straps that are attached to the wall frame, or embedded in the bond cam, on either side of the truss/rafter where each strap wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with minimum of 2 nails on the front side, and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, or
	M bo	letal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter, is secured to the wall on oth sides, and is secured to the top plate with a minimum of three nails on each side.
	E. StructuralF. Other:	Anchor bolts structurally connected or reinforced concrete roof.
	G. Unknown or	unidentified
	H. No attic acce	
	11. Two diffe dece	
5.		hat is the roof shape? (Do not consider roofs of porches or carports that are attached only to the fascia or wall of er unenclosed space in the determination of roof perimeter or roof area for roof geometry classification).
	A. Hip Roof	Hip roof with no other roof shapes greater than 10% of the total roof system perimeter.
	B. Flat Roof	Total length of non-hip features: feet; Total roof system perimeter: feet Roof on a building with 5 or more units where at least 90% of the main roof area has a roof slope of
	✓ C. Other Roof	less than 2:12. Roof area with slope less than 2:12 sq ft; Total roof area sq ft Any roof that does not qualify as either (A) or (B) above.
6.	sheathing or	Resistance (SWR): (standard underlayments or hot-mopped felts do not qualify as an SWR) alled Sealed Roof Deck) Self-adhering polymer modified-bitumen roofing underlayment applied directly to the foam adhesive SWR barrier (not foamed-on insulation) applied as a supplemental means to protect the m water intrusion in the event of roof covering loss.
	B. No SWR.C. Unknown or	undetermined.
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" I	ms verification form	is valid for up to five (5) years provided no material changes have been made to the structure or

7. <u>Opening Protection</u>: What is the <u>weakest</u> form of wind borne debris protection installed on the structure? **First**, use the table to determine the weakest form of protection for each category of opening. **Second**, (a) check one answer below (A, B, C, N, or X) based upon the lowest protection level for ALL Glazed openings **and** (b) check the protection level for all Non-Glazed openings (.1, .2, or .3) as applicable.

Opening Protection Level Chart		Glazed Openings			Non-Glazed Openings		
Place an "X" in each row to identify all forms of protection in use for each opening type. Check only one answer below (A thru X), based on the weakest form of protection (lowest row) for any of the Glazed openings and indicate the weakest form of protection (lowest row) for Non-Glazed openings.		Windows or Entry Doors	Garage Doors	Skylights	Glass Block	Entry Doors	Garage Doors
N/A	Not Applicable- there are no openings of this type on the structure		X	X	X		X
Α	Verified cyclic pressure & large missile (9-lb for windows doors/4.5 lb for skylights)						
В	Verified cyclic pressure & large missile (4-8 lb for windows doors/2 lb for skylights)						
С	Verified plywood/OSB meeting Table 1609.1.2 of the FBC 2007						
D	Verified Non-Glazed Entry or Garage doors indicating compliance with ASTM E 330, ANSI/DASMA 108, or PA/TAS 202 for wind pressure resistance						
N	Opening Protection products that appear to be A or B but are not verified						
IN	Other protective coverings that cannot be identified as A, B, or C						
х	No Windborne Debris Protection	X				X	

- A. Exterior Openings Cyclic Pressure and 9-lb Large Missile (4.5 lb for skylights only) All Glazed openings are protected at a minimum, with impact resistant coverings or products listed as wind borne debris protection devices in the product approval system of the State of Florida or Miami-Dade County and meet the requirements of one of the following for "Cyclic Pressure and Large Missile Impact" (Level A in the table above).
 - Miami-Dade County PA 201, 202, and 203
 - Florida Building Code Testing Application Standard (TAS) 201, 202, and 203
 - American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) E 1886 and ASTM E 1996
 - Southern Standards Technical Document (SSTD) 12
 - For Skylights Only: ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996
 - For Garage Doors Only: ANSI/DASMA 115
 - A.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist
 - A.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level B, C, N, or X in the table above
 - A.3 One or More Non-Glazed Openings is classified as Level B, C, N, or X in the table above
- **B.** Exterior Opening Protection- Cyclic Pressure and 4 to 8-lb Large Missile (2-4.5 lb for skylights only) All Glazed openings are protected, at a minimum, with impact resistant coverings or products listed as windborne debris protection devices in the product approval system of the State of Florida or Miami-Dade County and meet the requirements of one of the following for "Cyclic Pressure and Large Missile Impact" (Level B in the table above):
 - ASTM E 1886 <u>and</u> ASTM E 1996 (Large Missile 4.5 lb.)
 - SSTD 12 (Large Missile 4 lb. to 8 lb.)
 - For Skylights Only: ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996 (Large Missile 2 to 4.5 lb.)
 - B.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A or B in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist
 - B.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level C, N, or X in the table above
 - B.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level C, N, or X in the table above
- C. Exterior Opening Protection- Wood Structural Panels meeting FBC 2007 All Glazed openings are covered with plywood/OSB meeting the requirements of Table 1609.1.2 of the FBC 2007 (Level C in the table above).
 - C.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A, B, or C in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist
 - C.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level N or X in the table above
 - C.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level N or X in the table above

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N. Exterior Opening Protection (unverified shutter systems with no documentation) All Glazed openings are protected with protective coverings not meeting the requirements of Answer "A", "B", or C" or systems that appear to meet Answer "A" or "B" with no documentation of compliance (Level N in the table above).

- N.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as Level A, B, C, or N in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist
- N.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level X in the table above
- N.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level X in the table above
- ✓ X. None or Some Glazed Openings One or more Glazed openings classified and Level X in the table above.

MITIGATION INSPECTIONS MUST BE CERTIFIED BY A QUALIFIED INSPECTOR. Section 627.711(2), Florida Statutes, provides a listing of individuals who may sign this form.				
Qualified Inspector Name:	George Hebert	License Type: Home Inspections / I	VACHI License or Certificate #: HI-127; NACHI07050102	
Inspection Company: Premier Certified Inspections		Phone: 727-510-5615		

Qualified Inspector – I hold an active license as a: (check one)

Home inspector licensed under Section 468.8314, Florida Statutes who has completed the statutory number of hours of hurricane mitigation training approved by the Construction Industry Licensing Board and completion of a proficiency exam.

Building code inspector certified under Section 468.607, Florida Statutes.

General, building or residential contractor licensed under Section 489.111, Florida Statutes.

Professional engineer licensed under Section 471.015, Florida Statutes.

Professional architect licensed under Section 481.213, Florida Statutes.					
Any other individual or entity recognized by the insurer as possessing the necessary verification form pursuant to Section 627.711(2), Florida Statutes.	qualificatio	ons to properly complete a uniform mitigation			
Individuals other than licensed contractors licensed under Section 489.111, Florida Statutes, or professional engineer licensed under Section 471.015, Florida Statues, must inspect the structures personally and not through employees or other persons.					
<u>Licensees under s.471.015 or s.489.111 may authorize a direct employee whexperience to conduct a mitigation verification inspection.</u>	<u>possesse</u>	es the requisite skill, knowledge, and			
I, <u>George Hebert</u> am a qualified inspector and I personally (print name)	erformed	d the inspection or (licensed			
contractors and professional engineers only) I had my employee () perform the inspection			
(pi	int name (of inspector)			
and I agree to be responsible for his/her work					
Qualified Inspector Signature: Levy e Debet D	te:	8-9-2023			
An individual or entity who knowingly or through gross negligence provides a false or fraudulent mitigation verification form is subject to investigation by the Florida Division of Insurance Fraud and may be subject to administrative action by the appropriate licensing agency or to criminal prosecution. (Section 627.711(4)-(7), Florida Statutes) The Qualified Inspector who certifies this form shall be directly liable for the misconduct of employees as if the authorized mitigation inspector personally performed the inspection.					
Homeowner to complete: I certify that the named Qualified Inspector or his or her employee did perform an inspection of the residence identified on this form and that proof of identification was provided to me or my Authorized Representative.					
Signature: Date:					
An individual or entity who knowingly provides or utters a false or fraudulent mitigation verification form with the intent to obtain or receive a discount on an insurance premium to which the individual or entity is not entitled commits a misdemeanor of the first degree. (Section 627.711(7), Florida Statutes)					
The definitions on this form are for inspection purposes only and cannot be used to certify any product or construction feature as offering protection from hurricanes.					

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